Montana Annotation of Table 1.3 Potential Problems with the Property Tax and Promising Solutions

Table 1.3

Potential Problems with the Property Tax and Promising Solutions

Potential Problems	Promising Solutions	Policies to Avoid
Fiscal disparities: Poorer jurisdictions may struggle to provide adequate services at affordable tax rates	State aid Circuit breakers	Tax limits Tax swaps
Perceived regressivity: Belief that lower- income households pay a higher share of income in property taxes	Circuit breakers Income-based homestead credits Homestead exemptions and credits	Tax limits Classification
Liquidity constraints: Some homeowners are housing-rich, but income-poor	Deferrals Circuit breakers	Assessment limits
Volatility: Potentially sharp year-to- year increases in taxes, especially after reassessment	Regular revaluations Phase-ins Truth in Taxation Circuit breakers Deferrals	Assessment limits
Inaccurate assessments: Estimated property value is inaccurate or contested	Quality assessment practices Regular revaluations	Tax limits
Salience: Property tax is highly visible and paid in large lump sums	Monthly payment options	Tax limits
Tax levels: Property taxes for the average homeowner are too high, not just for individual homeowners	State aid (well designed) Homestead exemptions and credits Increases in local government efficiency Truth in Taxation Levy limits Local revenue diversification	State aid (poorly designed) Classification Decreases in local government services Assessment limits

Note: For each potential problem, the most promising solutions are in bold.

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Promising Solutions used in Montana:

- State aid: State aid equitably distributed through school funding formula
- <u>Circuit breakers:</u> Elderly homeowner and renter credit (15-30-2340)
- <u>Income-based homestead credits:</u> Property tax assistance program (<u>15-6-305</u>) and disabled veteran program (<u>15-6-311</u>)
- Quality assessment practices: State-level assessment, Measuring the Quality of Reappraisal report, informal and local appeals
- Regular revaluations: Annual or biennial revaluation for all property (except forest land)
- Levy limit (15-10-420)

Promising Solutions not used in Montana:

- Homestead exemptions and credits
- Deferrals
- Truth in Taxation
- Monthly payment options
- Local revenue diversification

Policies to Avoid used or proposed in Montana:

- <u>Tax limits:</u> Levy limit (<u>15-10-420</u>), rate limit for 95 mills (<u>20-9-331</u>, <u>20-9-333</u>, <u>20-9-360</u>)
- <u>Tax swaps</u>: Marijuana revenue to replace GTB and reduce property taxes (<u>HB 663</u>)
- <u>Classification:</u> 16 classes of property with rates ranging from 0.34% to 100%
- Assessment limits: Proposed by Ballot Issue 9